spoke of Turco they do not nove 4L Etenant they varry 11 L Etenant perhaps the same (4L = 11L)

3855 Lakewood Blvd. Long Beach,CA Mail Code 126-14 (213) 593-4233

07/01/1986

TURCO PRODUCTS, INC. P.O. BOX 6200 CARSON, CA 835-1391

Dear Sirs,

order for Douglas Aircraft Company to comply with the provision set forth in Title 8, Section 5194 - Hazard Communication of the General Industry Safety Orders, the Material Safety Data Sheet for the following product produced and sold by your company is requested. In replying to this request, please use our DPM or DMS number so that we may properly identify your product for new files.

> Douglas Part No.: DMS 1863 REV. A Your Product: ETCHANT 4L

A complete list of hazardous ingredients must be provided so that we may take appropriate action.

The information on these Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) will be used to inform our employees of the hazardous ingredients and to train them in the proper methods of handling the product.

As set forth in the General Industry Safety Orders, Title 8, failure to comply with this request within 25 working days will result in the forwarding of a copy of this letter to the Director, Department of Industrial Relations, State of California.

We would like to thank you in advance for your anticipated speedy cooperation in this matter. If you have any questions regarding this request, please feel free to call on us. We will be happy to assist you. Please return a copy of this request with the MSDS.

Turco does not have this Product John Mar

Yours truly,

DOUGLAS AIRCRAFT COMPANY

# 1863

## TURCO PRODUCTS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

not right type

4110-550-4

HAZARD RATING	Fire Reactivity
3 = HIGH	
2 = MODERATE 1 = SLIGHT	Toxicity 3 2 Special
0 = INSIGNIFICAN	

SECTION I -- PRODUCT NAME:

Turcoform Etchant 11L

ISSUE DATE:

11/4/85

Manufacturer's Name:

TURCO PRODUCTS

24600 So. Main Street, Carson, CA 90749

Address: (213) 634-3300 Emergency Telephone No.:

SECTION II - HAZARDOUS INFORMATION:

COMPONENTS		C.A.B.		CERCLA RO Spill #	RCRA Waste #	acgih Tlv	OSHA TWA	%. WT
Sodium Hydroxide Sodium (sulfide, polysulfide thiosulfate)	1	1310-73-2 1344-08-7		1000 Nt.Lstd	D002 NtLstd		2mg/m³skin Nt. Estab.	20 20
							S RECEI	VED
							JUL 14 OCCUPATION	1986
CARCINOGENS		NTP			MRC		COSHA SAFTTY	TAHL.
None		N. Apl.		N. Apl		N. Apl.	Visit in the second	NO
PROPER SHIPPING NAME:		HAZ	HAZARD CLASS		HAZARD I.D.	NO. 7 3 1	1	
Corrosive Liquid NOS		Corrosive			UN 1760	UN 1760		

#### SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA:

BOILING POINT, *F: 225	F	SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.369
VAPOR PRESSURE (mmHg):	Approx. 16mm	VOLATILE, % BY VOL: Approx. 75%
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR = 1):	Over 1	EVAPORATION RATE (Ru Ac = 1): Less Than 1
APPEARANCE AND ODOR:		(Bu. Ac. = 1): Less Inan 1
Dark Amber Liquid	, Sulfurous Odo	SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete pH 13-14

### SECTION IV — FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

FLASH POINT AND METHICO USED:

Nonflammable - Not applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Not applicable

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURE AND PRECAUTIONS:

Use self-contained respiratory protection.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Contact with reactive metals, such as aluminum, zinc, tin, etc., may lead to generation of hydrogen gas in explosive amounts. Exposure to high heat, under fire conditions, may lead to generation of toxic hydrogen sulfide gas:

## SECTION V - EMERGENCY, FIRST AID AND HEALTH INFORMATION:

EFFECTS OF OVER EXPOSURE: EYES: Contact with product or product solution will cause severe burns; possible permanent tissue damage and possible blindness.

SKIN Contact with product or product solution will cause severe irritation, possible chemical burns and possible permanent tissue damage.

INHALATION: Inhalation of mist will cause severe irritation and possible permanent damage to upper respiratory tract.

INGESTION: Severe irritation, possible permanent damage to gastrointestinal tract, may be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED:

None known

FIRST AID: EYES: Speed is essential. Immediately begin flushing eyes with large volumeter. Continue for at least 15 minutes. Hold lids apart to assure contact with surfaces. Obtain medical attention.	n all
SKIN:Flush affected area with large volumes of water. Continue flushing until "s feel is completely gone, at least 15 minutes. If irritation is evident or blis occurs, obtain medical attention.	tering
INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Obta attention if irritation persists.	in medical
MARGETION: Do not induce voniting except on advice of qualified medical personnel. If victim is consci	ous, dilute
by giving large volumes of milk or water. Obtain immediate medical attention. Never attempt to induce to give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.	romiting or
PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: INHALATION X SKIN CONTACT X OTHER	
SECTION VI — REACTIVITY DATA:	
STABILITY: STABLE X UNSTABLE HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION WILL NOT OCCUR CONDITIONS TO AVOID:	
Contact with strong acids, reactive metals, organic materials	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:	
Toxic hydrogen sulfide gas, sulfur oxides and acid gases	
SECTION VII - SPILL, LEAK AND DISPOSAL PROCEDURE:	<u></u>
SPILL OR RELEASE PROCEDURE: CONCENTRATE: Confine spill. Stop leak at source if this can be done safely area. Evacuate nonessential personnel. Pump liquid into DOT-approved drums for disposal. Absorb remain onto inert absorbent and place in DOT-approved drums for disposal. Wash area with water. Collect washing place in DOT-approved drums. Keep spill and washings from entering sewer or waterways.	ing liquid
USE SOLUTION: As for concentrate	
DISPOSAL INFORMATION: CONCENTRATE: (1) Transfer to reclaiming center for recycling or	reuse, if
possible. (2) Transfer to licensed hazardous waste treatment or disposal site sition under applicable local, state and regional regulations as hazardous was	ste.
SPENT SOLUTION AND RINSES: Dispose per (1) or (2) above, or rinses can be treated with an oxidizing ago nate sulfide, and neutralized to precipitate dissolved metal. Check to be sure all sulfide is eliminated neutralizing to prevent generation of toxic hydrogen sulfide gas. Floatable soil may also be separated organic matter may be removed by oxidation and/or carbon treatment. Clarified water may be released to local regulations permit.	ed. Residual
SECTION VIII — SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION:	
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: For mist conditions, a NIOSH-approved respirator for mists  If respirators are used, a formal training and screening program must be init 29 CFR 1910-134.	is advised. iated. See
VENTILATION:	
Maintain sufficient mechanical ventilation to keep concentration below TLV.	
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: CHEMICAL FACE SHIELD OR GOGGLES: X  GLOVES X APRON X PROTECTIVE SUIT Not normally req	uired
GLOVES, BOOTS, APRON AND SUIT MADE FROM: Alkali resistant neoprene RECOMMENDED PERSONAL HYGIENE: Wash hands and face with soap and water before smoking Immediately remove all contaminated clothing. Launder before reuse. Discard of shoes.	or eating ontaminated
SECTION IX — OTHER INFORMATION:	
SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS — STORAGE AND HANDLING: store in dry protected area. CAUTION: Hazardous carbon monform upon contact with food and beverage products. This can collect in enclosed spaces and can be far propriate tank entry procedures (See ANSI 2117-1-1977). Personnel entering such areas must be provided ratory protection and a safety line. They should be kept under observation while in the area by anotically distance. HIXING: Add slowly to luke warm water while mixing. Never dump large amounts into was steam eruption may occur. Make additions to in-use tank slowly and cautiously.	ed with respi- her man at a ter - violent
REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE OF CONTAMINATED EQUIPMENT: Relieve any pressure. Cover openings to splashing. Clean exterior and interior by flushing with water. Collect flushing disposal. Use protective equipment for eyes, skin and inhalation.	avoid ngs for
DATE PREPARED: DATE REVIEWED:	
bb 11/4/85	TMSDS 3-3